**SQL IMP Queries**

1. IN Clause:
   1. The IN operator allows you to specify multiple values in a WHERE clause.
   2. The IN operator is a shorthand for multiple OR conditions.

SELECT \* FROM nobel\_win

WHERE year >1972

AND winner IN ('Menachem Begin',

'Yitzhak Rabin');

<https://www.w3resource.com/sql-exercises/sql-retrieve-exercise-17.php>

1. Wildcard

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| WHERE CustomerName LIKE 'a%' | Finds any values that starts with "a" |
| WHERE CustomerName LIKE '%a' | Finds any values that ends with "a" |
| WHERE CustomerName LIKE '%or%' | Finds any values that have "or" in any position |
| WHERE CustomerName LIKE '\_r%' | Finds any values that have "r" in the second position |
| WHERE CustomerName LIKE 'a\_%\_%' | Finds any values that starts with "a" and are at least 3 characters in length |
| WHERE ContactName LIKE 'a%o' | Finds any values that starts with "a" and ends with "o" |

1. Order by

SELECT column1, column2, ...  
FROM table\_name  
ORDER BY column1, column2, ... ASC|DESC;

1. <https://www.w3resource.com/sql-exercises/sql-retrieve-exercise-24.php>
2. <https://www.w3resource.com/sql-exercises/sql-retrieve-exercise-25.php>
3. <https://www.w3resource.com/sql-exercises/sql-retrieve-exercise-30.php>